

# General policy approach to the publication of company specific information

## Introduction

- The NSTA licences, regulates and influences the UK oil, gas, offshore hydrogen and carbon storage industries (the 'Industry'). We help to drive North Sea energy transition, realising the significant potential of the UK Continental Shelf ('UKCS') as a critical energy and carbon abatement resource.
- 2. The NSTA receives and generates information about individual licensee performance and regulatory compliance. We generally consider it appropriate to publish such information where it is in the public interest to do so.
- 3. This document sets out our general policy approach to the publication of company specific information. It sets out the information that we would normally expect to publish and the factors to which we will normally have regard to in making such publication decisions.
- 4. The NSTA retains the discretion to depart from this general policy on publication on a case-by-case basis where appropriate, having regard to relevant factors.

# Information that we expect to publish

- 1. We would normally expect to publish the information on the subject matter set out in **Table 1**.
- In relation to the subject matter in **Table** 
   we will normally consider the factors set out later in this document, in our consideration of:
  - a. Whether to make an exception to our general policy to publish information about a particular subject matter.
  - b. What information relating to a particular subject matter will be included in a publication, in particular, whether to publish some or all of the related or ancillary material listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Information that the NSTA would expect to publish

### **ENFORCEMENT FUNCTION** Main subject Main content in respect Any related or Frequency matter of that subject matter ancillary material and format Published on the 1. A decision to open Name of operator. The NSTA's powers. an investigation Investigations Details of the regulatory Area of the North Sea into a breach of a and Enforcement requirement / petroleumconcerned. petroleum-related section of the related requirement Date investigation requirement. NSTA's website the investigation relates to. opened. following the decision to open Status of the an investigation. investigation. Stage of the investigation. Accompanying press statement. 2. A decision to The NSTA's powers. Published on the Name of operator/licensee. issue a Sanction Investigations Area of the North Sea Details of the regulatory Warning Notice. and Enforcement requirement / petroleumconcerned. section of the related requirement the Accompanying press NSTA Board's investigation relates to. statement. decision to issue a Sanction Warning

Notice.

### DECOMMISSIONING INFORMATION Frequency Main subject Main content in respect Any related or of that subject matter ancillary material and format matter 3. Well Operations Name of operator. Published on the Accompanying Notification System press statement. Decommissioning The licence number. ("WONS") metrics: section of the Location of wells including a NSTA's website. a. All inactive wells numerical identifier. that require Updated at least Number of wells that require decommissioning. annually. decommissioning. b. Wells with The status of the well in expired well respect of whether there is a decommissioning valid WONS consent or valid deadlines/no and complete application. NSTA approved decommissioning This would not include deadline. specific technical well data. Table specifying the Name of operator. Accompanying Published on the press statement. progress relevant Decommissioning Number of wells that require regulated persons section of the decommissioning. have made in NSTA's website. The status of the well in respect of their Updated at least respect of whether there is a decommissioning annually. valid WONS consent or valid obligations. and complete application.

# Public interest factors considered in respect of publication of information<sup>1</sup>

### a. The public interest

Factors in favour of publication:

- There is a general public interest in regulators being transparent about the actions they have taken in respect of those they regulate.
- ii. Publication may enable the NSTA to regulate in a way that is more proportionate and cost effective. This is because the publication of our enforcement actions can be a less resource intensive means of encouraging compliance amongst other operators.
- iii. Greater awareness amongst public and operators in respect of decommissioning obligations will likely lead to operators fulfilling those obligations. This in turn will mitigate the extent to which those obligations will need to be fulfilled by recourse to public funds.
- iv. Publication may encourage third parties to come forward to provide information about an operator that supports the NSTA's regulatory functions, for example, an investigation into a potential breach of a petroleum-related requirement.

Factors against publication:

- Specific details may be protected from disclosure under relevant legislation or licence.
- vi. Specific details may be considered commercially sensitive and/ or publication could give rise to competition law concerns.
- vii. Publication of specific details may limit the NSTA's ability to perform its functions effectively, for example, by reducing the likelihood of operators reporting regulatory risk if they know that they are likely to be identified as being the subject of an investigation.
- viii. In some cases there may be a risk that publishing details could compromise confidential sources of information and evidence about potential wrongdoing, for example, where there is a risk of evidence being destroyed or lost.
- ix. In some cases there may be a risk that publishing information could prejudice investigatory or compliance activities of the NSTA or other enforcement bodies, for example, where the content and timing of publication could lead to evidence being concealed or destroyed.

### b. The sector/operator interest

Factors in favour of publication:

- i. Publication signals to other operators the issues that are of concern to the NSTA and that, in turn, will encourage compliance with regulatory requirements and thereby support operators' social licence to operate.
- ii. Publication demonstrates to operators that are compliant that action is taken to address non-compliance. This in turn promotes a stable and predictable system of regulation which encourages investment in the UK Continental Shelf.
- iii. Transparency of upcoming projects (e.g. decommissioning of wells) in the UKCS enables supply chain companies to better prepare, bid and deliver on projects. This in turn is likely to better facilitate competition and lead to cost efficiencies for operators.
- iv. Publication of decisions and reasons for those decisions demonstrates to the supply chain that operators will be held to account in respect of their licence obligations, for example, the decommissioning of wells.



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